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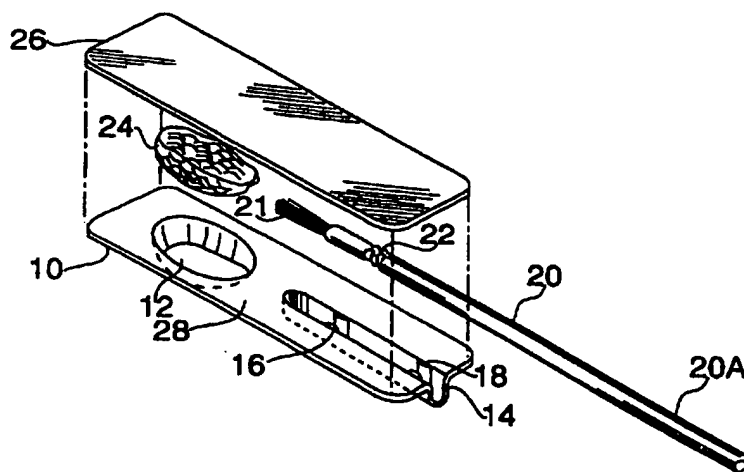
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(54) Title: SINGLE PATIENT DOSE MEDICAMENT DISPENSER WITH APPLICATOR



## (57) Abstract

A tray (10) having wells or depressions (12, 14) therein for holding a medicament (24) and an applicator (20). The applicator well (14) has one open end from which a portion of the applicator (20) extends. A cover (26) seals the entire surface of the tray (10). The portion of the applicator (20) extending beyond the applicator well (14) acts as a lever to pry the cover (26) from the body of the tray (10). The dispenser or package permits small quantities of material (24) to be easily dispensed for a single use or a single patient dose. Retaining structures (16, 18) are provided for securing the applicator (20) by friction fit within the applicator well (14). In another embodiment, a hinged cover (526) is used in combination with a tray (510) having multiple material wells (512) which may be jointed or separately opened and closed.

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## **SINGLE PATIENT DOSE MEDICAMENT DISPENSER WITH APPLICATOR**

### **Field of the Invention**

The present invention relates generally to packaging for the dispensing of a medicament to be applied by an applicator, and more particularly to a disposable easy to use single patient dose medicament dispenser or package having an applicator.

### **Background of the Invention**

In many applications, and in particular the medical and dental professions, it is often necessary to apply a small amount of material with an applicator. Often, a dedicated applicator must be associated with the material to be applied. This is a result of the characteristics of the material to be applied or the desire and need to apply the material or a medicament to a single patient and then discarding the remainder to prevent the possibility of cross contamination between multiple patients. Presently in the medical profession, it is common to use a bulk container containing a medicament in combination with a multitude of disposable applicators such as brushes, spatulas, or cotton swabs. While in these applications the applicator is disposed of after each use, the possibility exists for the bulk container to become contaminated and

therefore unusable, or if undetected, posing a health risk. Often it is difficult to determine whether or not a bulk container has become contaminated. Additionally, in many instances it is difficult to determine whether an applicator has been used and therefore contaminated. Often, applicators have been purchased and stored separately from the medicament or material to be applied. For example, a single use applicator is disclosed in U. S. Patent 5,001,803 entitled "Disposable Dental Brush" issuing to Discko on March 26, 1991. Therein disclosed is a disposable dental brush for applying various dental materials having an elongated handle with a tuft of bristles at one end. Additionally, various trays for holding and assisting in the dispensing of materials and medicaments are known. One such tray is disclosed in U.S. Patent 5,106,297 entitled "Dental Bond Liquid and Sealant Tray" issuing to Discko on April 21, 1992. Therein disclosed is a dental tray having depressions therein for holding a bottle of dental material and a plurality of distinctive shaped wells used for mixing. The common practice of dispensing a bulk material or medicament onto a tray that is supplied separately and in bulk and mixed with an applicator that is supplied separately and in bulk is often difficult and confusing. Often upon opening a bulk container, it requires some time to locate a tray as well as an applicator. Often one of the components necessary is

missing or not readily available. Therefore, the procedure, once started, cannot be completed immediately. This is particularly disadvantageous in the application of materials or medicaments that require a specified amount of time in order to be effective. For example, this is true with materials or medicaments that are light sensitive or that have begun a chemical reaction that once started, cannot be stopped. One such system that has contributed to the ease of use in applying a medicament is disclosed in U.S. Patent 5,240,415 entitled "Dental Bleach System Having Separately Compartmented Fumed Silica and Hydrogen Peroxide and Method of Using" issuing to Haynee on August 31, 1993. Therein disclosed is a supply of fumed silica provided in a mixing chamber and a supply of hydrogen peroxide solution provided in an ampule packaged together with a spatula for mixing and applying the medicament after mixing to a dental surface. While the invention disclosed in this patent contributes to the easy use of medicaments, it constitutes a relatively large packaging system that is often difficult to open and use. Therefore, there is a need for a different packaging concept that will be easier to open and use, less costly to manufacture with less wasted material and provide easy handling.

### Summary of the Invention

The present invention is a single patient dose package for storing, dispensing, and applying a material or medicament that requires an applicator such as a brush, swab, spatula or the like. A tray is formed having a medicament well and an applicator well. The applicator well is configured to prevent contact with the medicament in the medicament well prior to the intended use and application of the medicament in a particular procedure. The applicator well has formed therein a retaining means for holding an applicator in position therein. The applicator well is shorter than the applicator permitting a portion of the applicator to extend beyond the applicator well and one edge of the tray. A cover covers the tray, medicament well, and applicator well preventing contamination of the applicator and the medicament contained within the tray.

Accordingly, it is an object of the present invention to provide a convenient, single patient dose package that is easy to use and open.

It is a further object of the present invention to prevent potential contamination of a medicament and the applicator due to prolonged exposure during storage prior to use.

It is an advantage of the present invention that the single dose package is easy to open.

It is a further advantage of the present invention that the single dose package with applicator requires a minimum amount of packaging material in the making thereof.

It is a feature of the present invention that a portion of the applicator extends beyond the tray and affixed cover.

It is a further feature of the present invention that a disposable applicator is conveniently associated with a single patient dose of medicament in a convenient, easy to use package.

These and other objects, advantages, and features will become readily apparent in view of the following more detailed description.



### Brief Description of the Drawings

Fig. 1 is an exploded perspective view of one embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 2 is an assembled perspective view of the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 1.

Fig. 3 is a cross section taken along line 3-3 in Fig. 2.

Fig. 4 is a cross section taken along line 4-4 in Fig. 2.

Fig. 5 illustrates a top view of a plurality of connected single packages of the embodiment of Fig. 1.

Fig. 6 is a plan view, partially sectioned, illustrating another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 7 is a cross section taken along line 7-7 in Fig. 6.

Fig. 8 is a cross section taken along line 8-8 in Fig. 6.

Fig. 9 is a perspective top view illustrating a plurality of connected single packages of the embodiment of Fig. 6.

Fig. 10 is an exploded view of another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 11 is a cross section illustrating the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 10.

Fig. 12 is a cross section illustrating the embodiment of Fig. 10 in use.

Fig. 13 is a cross section illustrating another embodiment of the invention of the type shown in Fig. 10.

Fig. 14 is a plan view illustrating another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 14A is a plan view illustrating another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 15 is a front elevational view illustrating the operation of the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 14.

Fig. 16 is a plan view of another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 17 is a cross sectional view of the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 16 taken along line 17-17.

Fig. 18 is a plan view of another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 19 is a cross sectional view of the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 18 taken along line 19-19.

Fig. 20 illustrates the side view of the embodiment of Fig. 18 in the closed or assembled position.

Fig. 21 is a plan view of another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 21A is a sectional view taken on line 21A-21A on Fig. 21.

Fig. 22 is a plan view of still another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 23 is a plan view of another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 24 is a plan view of another embodiment of the invention.

Fig. 25 is a plan view of still another embodiment of the invention.

#### **Detail Description of the Preferred Embodiments**

Fig. 1 illustrates one embodiment of the present invention. A tray 10 has formed therein a medicament well 12 and an applicator well 14. Tray 10 may be made from a plastic material that is easily vacuum formed in order to make the medicament well 12 and applicator well 14 therein. Formed within applicator well 14 is a retainer 16 and a seal 18. The retainer 16 and seal 18 are protrusions that extend into the interior of the applicator well 14 a predetermined distance. The applicator well 14 is adapted to receive a portion of an applicator. The applicator may be a spatula, cotton swab, sponge swab or the like. In this embodiment the applicator is illustrated as a brush 20. Brush 20 has a crimp 22 therein, and bristles 21. The brush 20 may be a brush having construction similar to that disclosed in U.S. Patent 5,001,803 entitled "Disposable Dental Brush" issuing to Discko on March 26, 1991, which is herein incorporated by reference. The brush portion of the applicator brush 20 fits within well 14 with the major portion of the brush applicator handle 20A extending beyond the tray 10. The retainer 16 is positioned to contact the crimp 22 on

applicator brush 20. This helps to prevent the applicator brush 20 from being unintentionally removed from the applicator well 14. As shown, a substantial portion of the applicator or brush 20 extends beyond the open end or edge of the applicator well 14. However, in some applications only a portion of applicator brush 20 sufficient to grasp easily need extend beyond the open end of the applicator well 14. Seal 18 at the end of applicator well 14 helps to prevent contamination from entering the open end of applicator well 14. A medicament 24 is placed within medicament well 12. The volume of medicament 24 placed within medicament well 12 is a volume that is sufficient to perform a specific procedure for a single patient, and may take into consideration the working time of the material or medicament 24. After insertion of the medicament 24 and the applicator or brush 20 within their respective wells, a cover 26 is affixed to top planar surface 28 of tray 10. The cover is a thin flexible sheet material, preferably made of clear transparent or light opaque plastic material. This may be done with an adhesive or heat sealing. The adhesively affixing or heat sealing of the cover seals the medicament 24, the applicator portion of the brush or applicator within the tray and also helps to hold the applicator or brush 20 within the applicator well 14.

Fig. 2 illustrates the present invention in assembled form. After assembly, a single patient dose or unit dose package 30 is formed. Cover 26 extends over the entire top

surface of tray 10. The handle portion of applicator brush 20 extends beyond the open end or edge of applicator well 14, yet is securely held therein. The extension of applicator handle 20A beyond the tray substantially reduces the amount of material normally required in a disposable single patient dose or unit dose type package requiring an applying device. The applicator or brush 20 also acts as a handle for grasping the entire package. The extension of the applicator or brush 20 beyond the applicator well 14 also helps in removing the cover 26 which is often securely attached to the top surface of tray 10. The applicator handle 20A may be used to pry upward the cover 26. This is a particular advantage in that often during many medical procedures, rubber gloves are required which would otherwise make it extremely difficult to separate the cover 26 from the top surface of tray 10.

Fig. 3 illustrates, in this embodiment, that a continuous seal 32 is formed between the medicament well 12 and the applicator well 14. This assures that the medicament is positively contained in medicament well 12 and does not unintentionally contact applicator or brush 20 until the cover 26 is removed.

Fig. 4 more clearly illustrates the applicator well 14 formed within tray 10. The applicator well 14 has lips 13 that extend inward along the upper longitudinal edges of well 14 between protrusions 16 and 18 to firmly secure the applicator or brush 20 within the applicator well 14. The

sides of the applicator well 14 are flexible, therefore permitting the applicator or brush 20 to be pushed through the opening past the lips 13. The distance between lips 13 is less than the diameter of the applicator or brush 20. While Fig. 4 illustrates a gap between cover 26 and the top surface of applicator or brush 20, often the cover 26 material is thin and flexible, and depending upon the sealing process used, the cover 26 may be forced downward contacting the top surface of the applicator or brush 20 further helping to retain the applicator or brush 20 within the applicator well 14 and sealing it from possible contamination. This is often the case when heat sealing is used in combination with a slight vacuum.

Fig. 5 illustrates the present invention in the form of a plurality of single patient dose or unit dose packages 30 formed as a continuous strip or a plurality of connected packages 30 being frangibly connected together by a readily frangible connection 34. The individual single patient dose or unit dose package 30 may be easily snapped off at the frangible connection 34 for use. The feature of the present invention illustrated in Fig. 5 of providing a plurality of frangibly connected single patient dose or unit dose packages 30 is particularly applicable when a particular procedure may require a sequence of applications of the same or different material, in which case the number of applications or different materials for a given procedure is conveniently provided together. Additionally,

the portion of the applicator or brush 20 that extends from the tray 10 may be used to correctly identify the sequence of application or material by color of the applicator or brush 20. A different color or shade being used for each different material or application.

Figs. 6-9 illustrate another embodiment of the present invention. Fig. 6 illustrates a tray 110 having a medicament well 112 and an applicator well 114 formed therein. Within applicator well 114 is a retainer 116. Retainer 116 helps to hold an applicator swab 120. The applicator swab 120 has a cotton swab 121 on one end thereof. In this embodiment the cotton swab 121 contributes to holding the applicator swab 120 within the applicator well 114. The other end of applicator swab 120 extends beyond the open end or edge of applicator well 114. Also formed within the tray 110 are support ribs 136. The support ribs 136 add some rigidity to the tray 110 and permit the use of thinner stock material in forming the tray 110. The ribs 136 reduce the top surface area that is affixed to the cover 126. This helps removal of the cover 125. Medicament 124 is placed in the medicament well 112. A cover 126 covers the entire top surface of tray 110 except for the ribs 136. The cover 126 is typically a thin flexible sheet material as hereinbefore described that may be affixed with adhesive or thermally sealed to the top surface of tray 110. For illustration purposes only, the cover 126 illustrated in Fig. 6 has been sectioned.

Typically, the cover 126 covers the entire top planar surface of tray 110, with the exception of exposed portion 125 and depressed ribs 136. The exposed portion 125 facilitates the removal of the cover 126. The tray 110 can be grasped by the exposed portion 125 while the applicator swab 120 is pried upward, facilitating removal of the cover 126. Figs. 7-8 are cross section views more clearly illustrating the construction of this embodiment. Fig. 9 illustrates a plurality of single patient dose or unit dose packages 130 being connected with a frangible connection 134 as hereinbefore described.

Figs. 10-12 illustrate another embodiment of the present invention. In this embodiment, tray 210 has a medicament well 212 and an applicator well 214 formed therein. Within applicator well 214 is formed a retainer 216. Retainer 216 also helps to seal the applicator well 214 from external contamination. An applicator swab 220 having a cotton swab 221 on one end thereof is placed within the applicator well 214. A portion of the applicator swab 220 extends beyond the open end or edge of applicator well 214. Placed within medicament well 212 is a medicament 224. Along the top surface of tray 210 is placed an adhesive 228. The adhesive is absent from a portion of the top surface of tray 210 at adhesive free section 229 extending between the respective wells 212 and 214. This adhesive free section forms a channel between the medicament well 212 and the applicator well 214. Figs.



11 and 12 illustrate a section of the adhesive free section 229. Because there is no adhesive over a small width between the medicament well 212 and the applicator well 214, the medicament well 212 may be squeezed as illustrated in Fig. 12, with the cover 226 in place, forcing the medicament 224 to pass through the adhesive free section 229 and into the applicator well 214 and onto the cotton swab 221 of applicator swab 220. The applicator swab 220 is then removed for applying the medicament.

Fig. 13 illustrates a slightly modified embodiment wherein the medicament well 212' has a slightly different structure to that illustrated in Figs. 10-12. In Fig. 13 the medicament well 212' has a diminishing stepped or bellows structure that facilitates collapsing of the medicament well 212' when squeezed. The step structure is made of a plurality of substantially concentric wells with each adjacent well having a slightly smaller periphery or circumference.

Figs. 14-15 illustrate another embodiment of the present invention that further reduces to a minimum packaging material used in a single patient dose or a unit dose package. Fig. 14 illustrates a round head portion 310' having a rectangular tail portion 310''. The round head portion 310' has a round medicament well 312 therein. The rectangular tail portion 310'' has an applicator well 314 formed therein. The applicator well 314 has a retainer portion 316 that extends inwardly within the applicator

well 314. The retainer portion 316 also helps to seal the applicator well 314 from external contamination. The retainer portion 316 corresponds to a crimp 322 formed on the applicator or brush 320. A substantial portion, greater than one-half of the length, of the applicator or brush 320 extends beyond the open end or edge of the applicator well 314. Therefore, only a minimum amount of material is required in the package. The top surface 323 of the round head portion 310' and the rectangular tail portion 310'' forms a sealing surface.

Fig. 14A illustrates another embodiment of the present invention. This embodiment is similar to the embodiment illustrated in Fig. 14, with the exception that the retainer 316' extends outwardly rather than inwardly. The outward shape of the retainer 316' matches that of the broad exterior periphery of the crimp 322 when the brush 320 is rotated 90°. The broad exterior periphery of the applicator brush crimp 322 on the applicator brush 320 is wider than the lateral width of the applicator well 314. Therefore, the applicator brush 320 is securely held within the applicator well 314 and cannot be easily pulled out of the applicator well 313 after a cover is affixed to the planer surface 323. The enlarged retainer 316 facilitates placement of the applicator brush 320 within the applicator well 314 in the assembly of the package. This embodiment permits placement of the applicator brush 320 within the

applicator well 314 at substantially any angular rotation along the longitudinal axis of the applicator brush 320.

Referring to Fig. 15, a cover 326 is applied to the top surface 323. The cover 326 is typically made of a thin flexible sheet material that seals along the entire top surface 323 as hereinbefore described. As illustrated in Fig. 15, the portion of the applicator brush 320 extending beyond the open end or edge of the applicator well 314 is easily held and used to pry up a portion of the cover 326, facilitating easy removal thereof when desired. This easy cover removal feature of the present invention is of great advantage, especially in many medical applications when rubber gloves are used, which would otherwise render it very difficult to separate the cover 326 from the planar surface 323. Upon removal of the cover, the medicament 324 may be easily and conveniently applied whereupon the entire package and applicator can be readily disposed of after use.

Figs. 16-17 illustrate another embodiment of the present invention. This embodiment is particularly applicable to procedures requiring the mixing of two or more materials in a particular procedure. Many procedures require the mixing of two materials that chemically interact. In this form, the tray 410 has formed therein at least two medicament wells 412 and an applicator well 414. Within applicator well 414 is a suitable applying device, e.g. a spatula applicator 420. Spatula applicator

420 has a broad flat portion 421. The broad flat portion 421 has a dimension greater than the diameter of the handle portion of spatula applicator 420. A closed end portion 416 of the applicator well 414 has a depth that is greater than the depth of the portion of the remaining length of the applicator well 414 that receives the handle portion of the spatula. The broader spatula portion 421 of the spatula applicator 420 fits within this deeper closed end portion 416 and forms a means for retaining the spatula applicator 420 within the package or tray 410. Also formed within tray 410 circumscribing the medicament wells 412 are female sealing rings or grooves 448. The tray 410 is provided with a hinged cover 426. The cover 426 is attached with an integral flexible living hinge or web 454. Formed within cover 426 are male or projecting sealing rings 450. Male sealing rings 450 in the closed position of the hinged cover 426 are arranged to mate and interlock with female sealing rings or grooves 448. Also placed on cover 426 is a mixing area 452. The mixing area 452 may optionally be placed on the tray portion 410 between the medicament wells 412.

Figs. 18-20 illustrate another embodiment of the present invention. A tray 510 has formed therein at least two medicament wells 512 and at least two applicator wells 514. Each of the medicament wells 512 have a female sealing ring or groove 548 circumscribing it. Formed within each of the applicator wells 514 is a retainer 516.

Retainer 516 protrudes into the applicator well 514 for holding an applicator or brush 520 therein. The retainer, although not illustrated, may also be wider than the width of the applicator well 514 as described for the embodiment shown in Fig. 14A. Adjacent each medicament well 512 is a female locking tab 558. Covers 526 are attached to the tray 510 by integral hinge or web 554. Each of the covers 526 may be opened and closed independently. Formed within each cover 526 is a male sealing ring 550 for sealing its corresponding medicament well in the closed position. The male sealing rings or projection 550 are adapted to mate with corresponding female sealing rings or grooves 548 formed within the tray 510 in the closed position. Associated with each cover 526 is a male locking tab 556. Male locking tabs 556 of the cover 526 are adapted to mate with female locking tabs 558 of the tray in the closed position. This embodiment of the present invention is particularly applicable to a procedure requiring a two part application of a medicament. In this embodiment, an applicator brush 520 is associated with each of the medicament wells 512. Additionally, some of the medicaments may be light sensitive and need to be applied sequentially. This embodiment provides for covers 526 that can be independently opened and closed as may be needed to permit application of the medicament for one part of the procedure without opening or uncovering the medicament required for a second part of a procedure.

Figs. 21 and 21A illustrate a further embodiment of the invention. In this form, the tray 610 is vacuum formed from a sheet of plastic which is formed with a top or plane surface 611 about which there is formed a circumscribing depending side wall 612. In this form of the invention, the top or plane surface 611 is provided with at least two depressions to define spaced apart wells 613 and 614 which are adapted to receive a suitable medicament or dental material. Frequently in a medical or dental application or procedure, a two part medicament or material is required. For example, in dentistry, many chemically cured materials are used to perform various dental procedures which must be kept separated until readied for use. The tray dispenser of Fig. 21 is particularly applicable for unit dispensing such materials. Each such material is placed in each of the wells 613 and 614. The amount of material placed in wells 613 and 614 is sufficient to formulate a unit or single dose. Also formed in the top or plane surface 611 is an elongated recess 615 and 616 arranged to receive a suitable applicator 617, e.g. a brush, spatula and the like, as previously described with respect to Fig. 18. In this form of the invention, a plastic film 618 is adhesively secured to the top plane of the tray to protect and cover the top plane including the wells 613, 614 and the material contained therein and the elongated recess containing the applicating head or end 617A of the respective applicator 617. It will be understood that the

covering film 618 may be rendered transparent or light opaque, depending upon the nature and/or characteristics of the material contained in the wells 613, 614. To use the tray dispenser 610 of Figs. 21, 21A, the user need only to remove the covering film 618 to expose the material in the wells and the associated applicator.

Fig. 22 is directed to a modified form of the dispenser tray shown in Fig. 21. In this form, the dispenser tray 710 is also in vacuum form similar to that of Fig. 21, except that it may be made somewhat smaller since only one applicator 717 is required. Between wells 713 and 714, there is formed a mixing area 719. If desired, the mixing area 719 may be provided with a serrated or roughened surface. The applicator 717 is stowed in an elongated recess 715 extending along the length of the tray 710. With the material placed in the wells and the applicator 717 in place, the tray 710 is covered with a plastic film or sheet and adhesively secured thereto as hereinbefore described.

Fig. 23 illustrates a dispenser tray as described with respect to Figs. 14 or 15 wherein the dispenser trays are integrally connected by a front web 324 and a rear web 325. It will be understood that the webs 324 and 325 are provided with a frangible portion to facilitate separating one tray from the other. In this form, the individual trays are chain connected by webs 324 and 325 permitting the trays to be sold in clusters or groups.

Fig. 24 illustrates the trays as described in Fig. 14 or Fig. 14A integrally connected only by a single web 324.

Fig. 25 illustrates a further embodiment of the invention. This form of the invention is similar to that described with respect to Figs. 14, 14A, or 15 wherein the applicator 820 has been modified to include a flange 822. The recess or applicator well 814 is also modified to provide a recess portion 816 to accommodate the flange 822 of the applicator 820. The arrangement is such that the flange 822 prohibits the applicator 820 from being accidentally or inadvertently pulled out of the dispenser tray 810. In all other respects, the dispenser tray of Fig. 25 is similar to that hereinbefore described.

Accordingly, it should readily be appreciated that the present invention, in providing a single patient dose or a unit dose package that is easy to use and open having a dedicated applicator associated with each medicament clearly facilitates the ease of applying small quantities of material safely and conveniently.

The invention has been particularly described for use as a single dose medicament package with a dedicated applicator so as to be readily disposable after use. However, it will be understood that the invention may also have non-medical or industrial uses. Also, the package described can be used as a sampler for allowing consumers to test or try various types of products. It will also be



understood that the medicament can be a liquid, gel or powder or any combination thereof.

While the present invention has been described with respect to various embodiments, various modifications may be made without departing from the spirit and scope of this invention.

What is claimed:

1. A single dose disposable dispenser comprising:  
a tray;  
a material well formed in said tray;  
a predetermined amount of material to be dispensed  
disposed within said material well;  
an applicator well formed in said tray, said  
applicator well having an open end;  
an applicator disposed within said applicator well  
whereby a portion of said applicator extends beyond the  
open end of said applicator well;  
retaining means associated with said applicator well  
for retaining said applicator within said applicator well;  
and  
a readily removable cover covering said material  
disposed in said material well and said applicator disposed  
in said applicator well, whereby the portion of said  
applicator extending beyond said cover facilitates removal  
of said cover.

2. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1  
wherein:

said applicator is a brush, said brush having a brush  
head and an extended handle portion.

3. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 2 wherein:

said brush head includes a crimp.

4. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 wherein:

said retaining means includes opposed projections extending inwardly from the opposed walls of said applicator well to frictionally retain said applicator therebetween.

5. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 wherein:

said retaining means extends outwardly from the walls of said applicator well.

6. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 wherein:

said applicator is a cotton swab.

7. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 wherein:

said applicator is a sponge swab.

8. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 wherein:

said applicator is a flock swab.

9. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 wherein:

said applicator is a spatula.

10. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 further comprising:

sealing means associated with said applicator well for preventing external contaminants from contaminating said applicator.

11. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 wherein:

said cover is adhesively and removably secured to said tray.

12. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 wherein:

said cover has a portion thereof cut-away to expose a portion of the top surface of said tray, whereby said tray can be grasped without holding said cover so as to facilitate the removal of said cover.

13. A single dose dispensable container as in Claim 1 wherein

said material is a medicament.

14. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 1 further comprising:

channel means placed between said material well and said applicator well for permitting flow therebetween.

15. A single dose disposable dispenser as in Claim 14 wherein:

said material well is collapsible so as to force the material in said material well through said channel means.

16. A single dose disposable dispenser as defined in Claim 1 wherein said applicator includes a laterally extending flange,

and said applicator well includes a recess for accommodating said lateral flange.

17. A single dose disposable dispenser as in claim 1 further comprising:

means for detachably connecting a plurality of adjacent single dose disposable dispensers.

18. A single dose disposable dispenser as defined in Claim 17 wherein said connecting means includes a web connected adjacent containers.

19. A single dose disposable dispenser for multiple materials comprising:

a tray member and a complementary cover member;  
at least two material wells formed in said tray member;

a well sealing ring formed in said tray member circumscribing each of said material wells;

an applicator well formed in said tray member, said applicator well having an open end;

an applicator disposed within said applicator well whereby a portion of said applicator extends beyond the open end of said applicator well;

retaining means associated with said applicator well for retaining said applicator within said applicator well;

a hinge connecting said cover member to said tray member;

a complementary well sealing ring formed in said cover member for each of said material wells, said complementary well sealing rings being adapted to mate with said corresponding well sealing ring to seal the material adapted to be placed in said material wells; and

a mixing area formed on one of said members on which multiple materials can be mixed together.

20. A single dose disposable dispenser for multiple materials as in claim 19 wherein:

said applicator is a spatula.

21. A single dose disposable dispenser for multiple materials comprising:

a tray;

at least two separate material wells formed in said tray;

a well sealing ring circumscribing each of said material wells;

at least two applicator wells formed in said tray, each of said applicator wells having an open end;

an applicator disposed in each of said applicator wells whereby a portion of said applicators extends beyond the open end of its corresponding applicator well;

retaining means, associated with each of said applicator wells for retaining said applicator disposed within each of said applicator wells;

at least two covers, each of said covers being associated with one of said material wells;

a hinge connecting each of said covers to said tray; and

complementary well sealing rings formed on each of said covers, said complementary sealing rings of each of said covers engaging the corresponding seal ring circumscribing each of said material wells in the closed position of said covers;

whereby the material in each of said material wells is separately dispensed with its own applicator.

22. A single dose disposable dispenser for multiple materials as in claim 21 further comprising:

a locking means formed on said tray for each of said material wells; and

a complementary locking means formed on each of said covers, adapted to mate with said first mentioned locking means in the closed position of said cover.

23. A single dose disposable dispenser for multiple materials as in claim 22 wherein each of said applicators comprises a brush.

24. A single dose disposable dispenser comprising  
a tray having a plane surface,  
a well formed in said plane surface,  
a predetermined amount of material to be dispensed  
disposed in said well,

an elongated recess formed in said plane surface  
adjacent said well,

said elongated recess being opened at one end,

an applicator having an applying portion and a  
connected handle portion,

said applying portion being disposed within said  
elongated recess with the handle portion extending beyond  
the open end of said elongated recess,

means for retaining said applicator portion within  
said elongated recess,



and a plastic film detachably secured to said plane surface to seal said well and applicating recess.

25. A single dose disposable dispenser as defined in claim 24 and including:

a plurality of wells formed in said plane surface,  
a plurality of elongated recesses formed in said plane surface,  
each of said recesses being opened at one end,  
and an applicator disposed in each of said elongated recesses.

26. A single dose disposable dispenser as defined in Claim 25 wherein said plastic film is light opaque.

27. A single dose disposable dispenser as defined in claim 24 wherein said plastic film is transparent.

28. A single dose disposable dispenser as defined in claim 24 and including means for detachably connecting a plurality of said dispensers to one another.

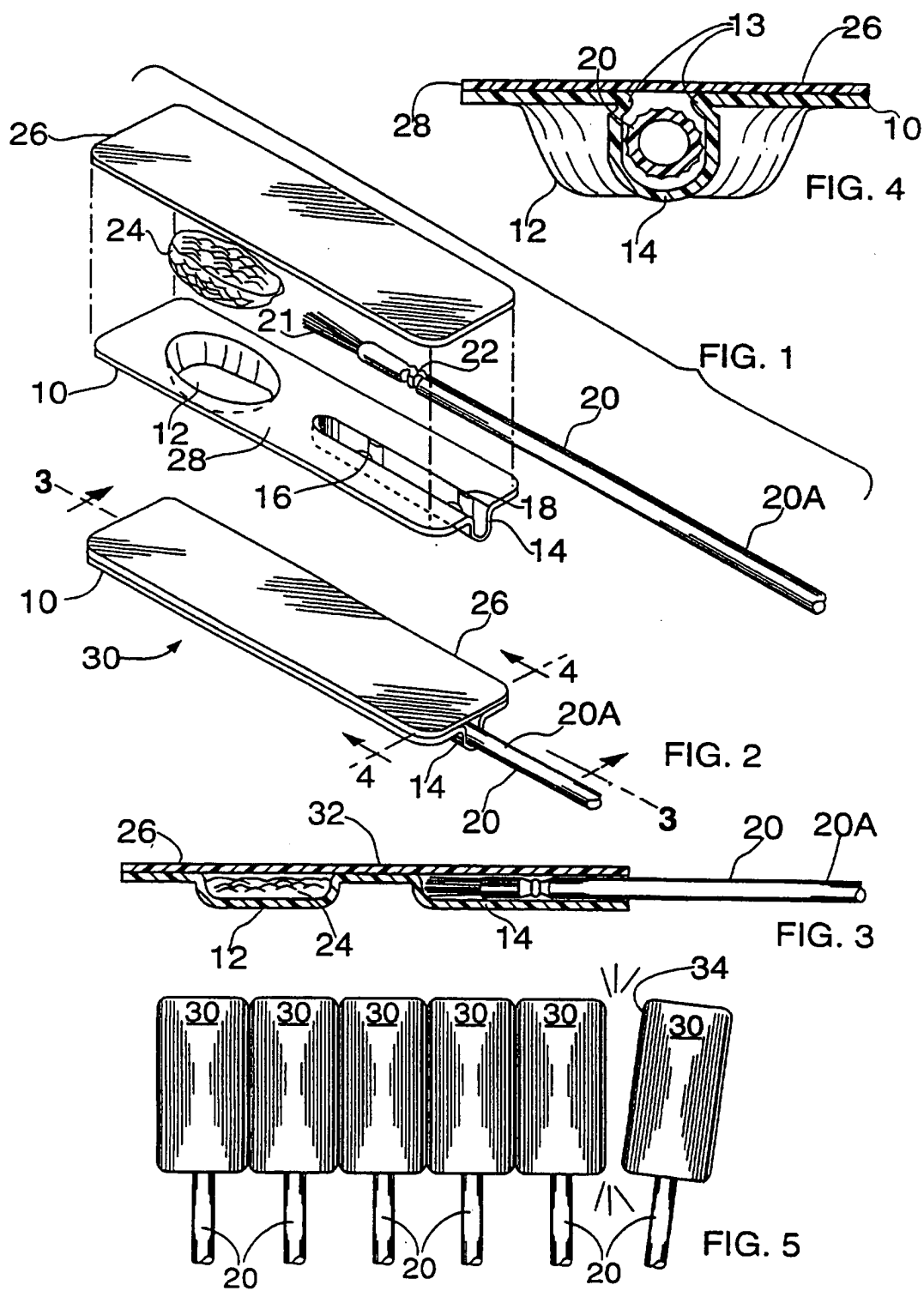
29. A single dose disposable dispenser comprising:  
a tray;  
a material well formed in said tray;  
a predetermined amount of material to be dispensed disposed within said material well;

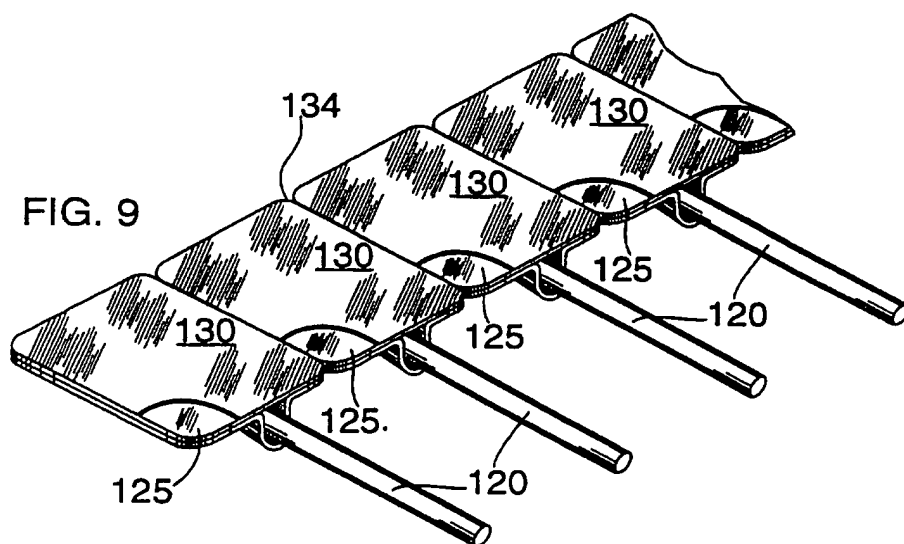
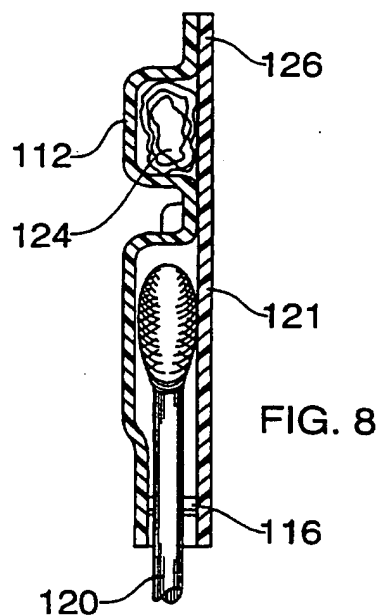
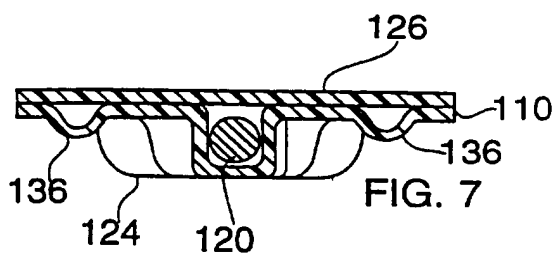
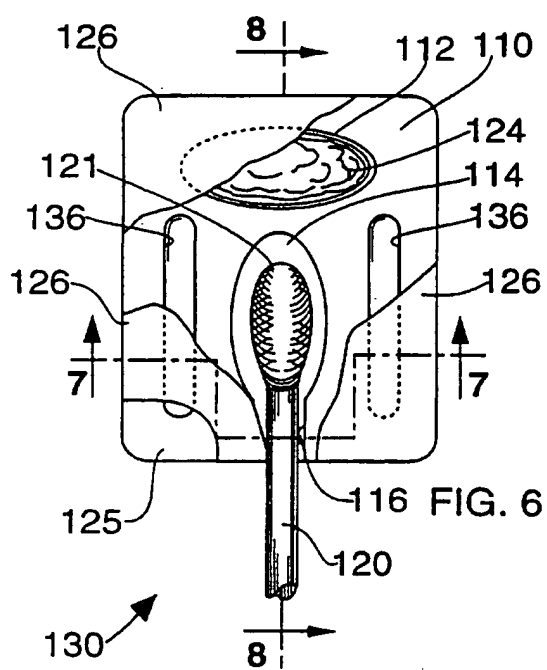
an applicator well formed in said tray;  
an applicator disposed within said applicator well;  
and  
a readily removable cover covering said material  
disposed in said material well and said applicator disposed  
in said applicator well.

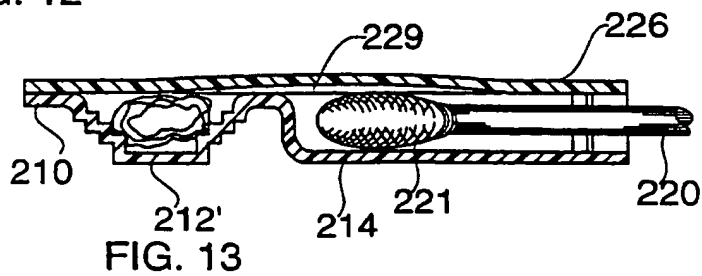
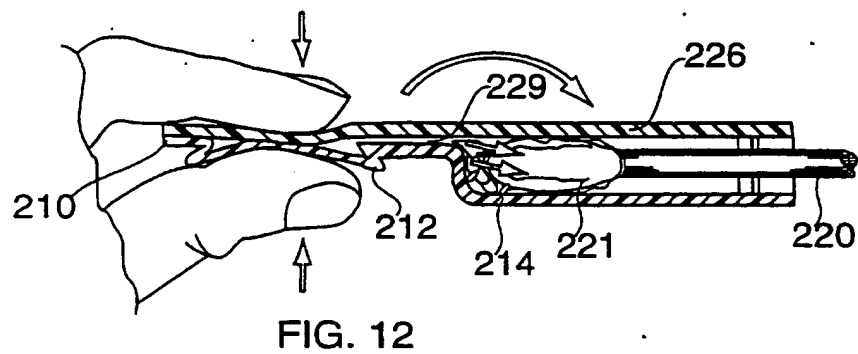
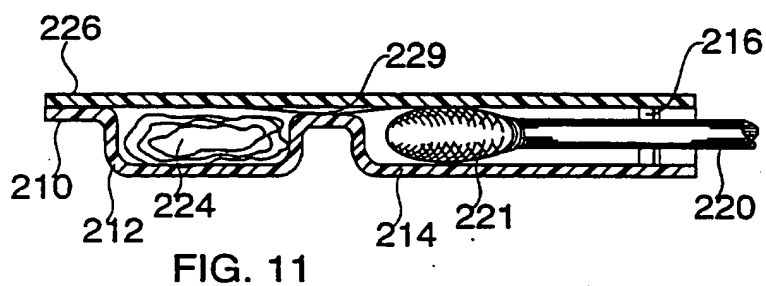
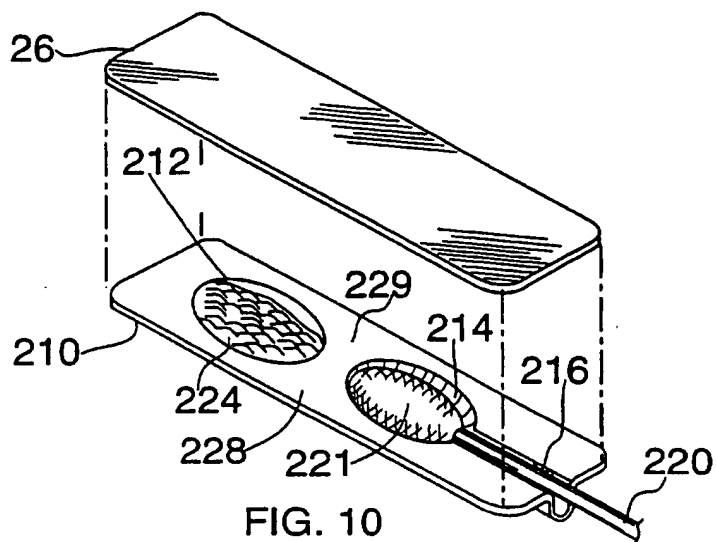
30. A single dose disposable dispenser comprising:  
a tray;  
a material well formed in said tray;  
a predetermined amount of material to be dispensed  
disposed within said material well;  
an applicator well formed in said tray, said  
applicator well having an open end;  
an applicator disposed within said applicator well  
whereby a portion of said applicator extends beyond the  
open end of said applicator well;  
an applicator retainer formed within said tray  
adjacent said applicator well; and  
a readily removable cover covering said material  
disposed in said material well and at least a portion of  
said applicator disposed in said applicator well, whereby  
the portion of said applicator extending beyond said cover  
facilitates removal of said cover.

31. A single dose disposable dispenser as in claim 30  
wherein:

said applicator retainer extends into said applicator well and touches said applicator.







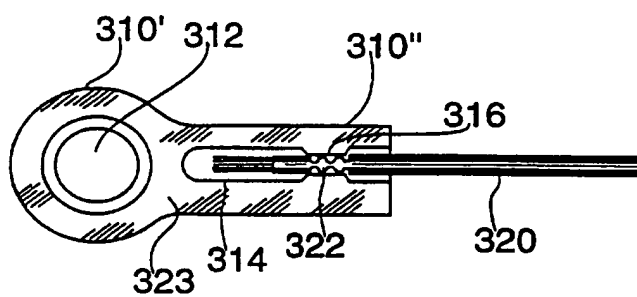


FIG. 14

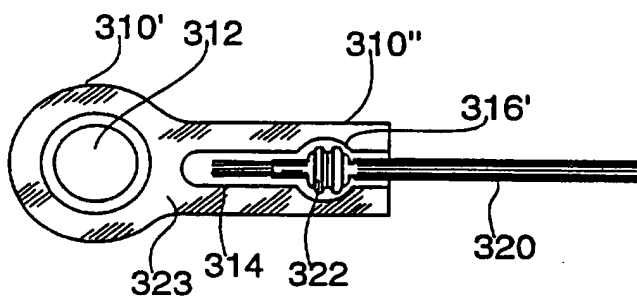


FIG. 14A

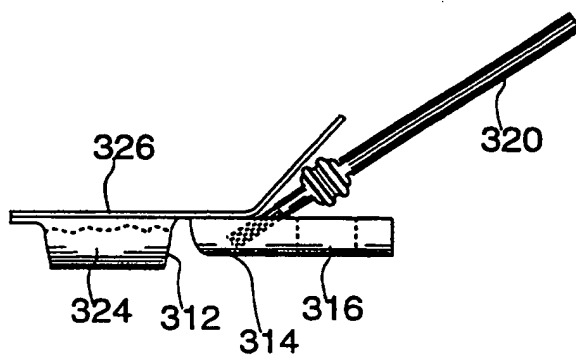
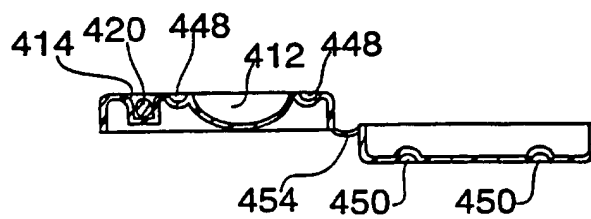
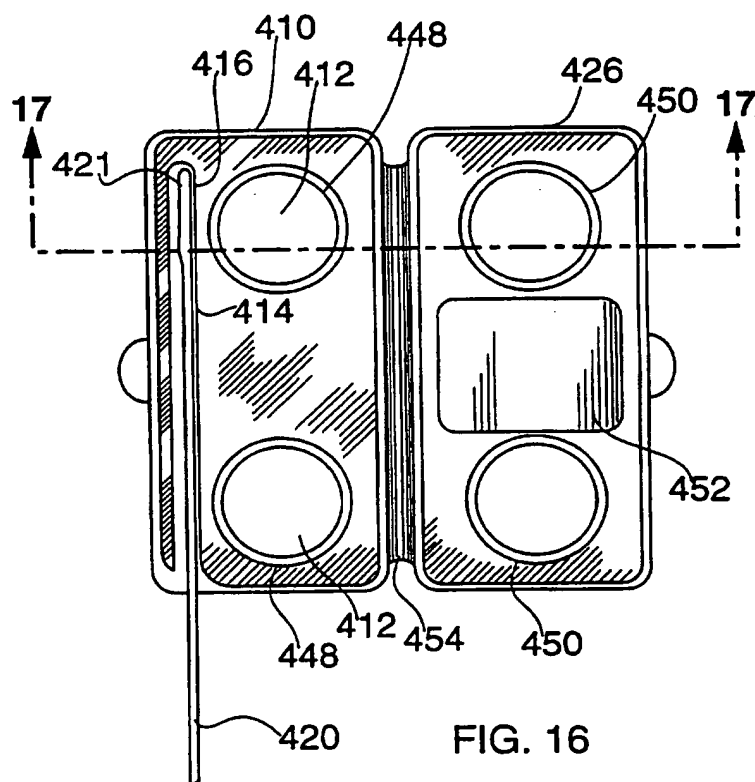


FIG. 15





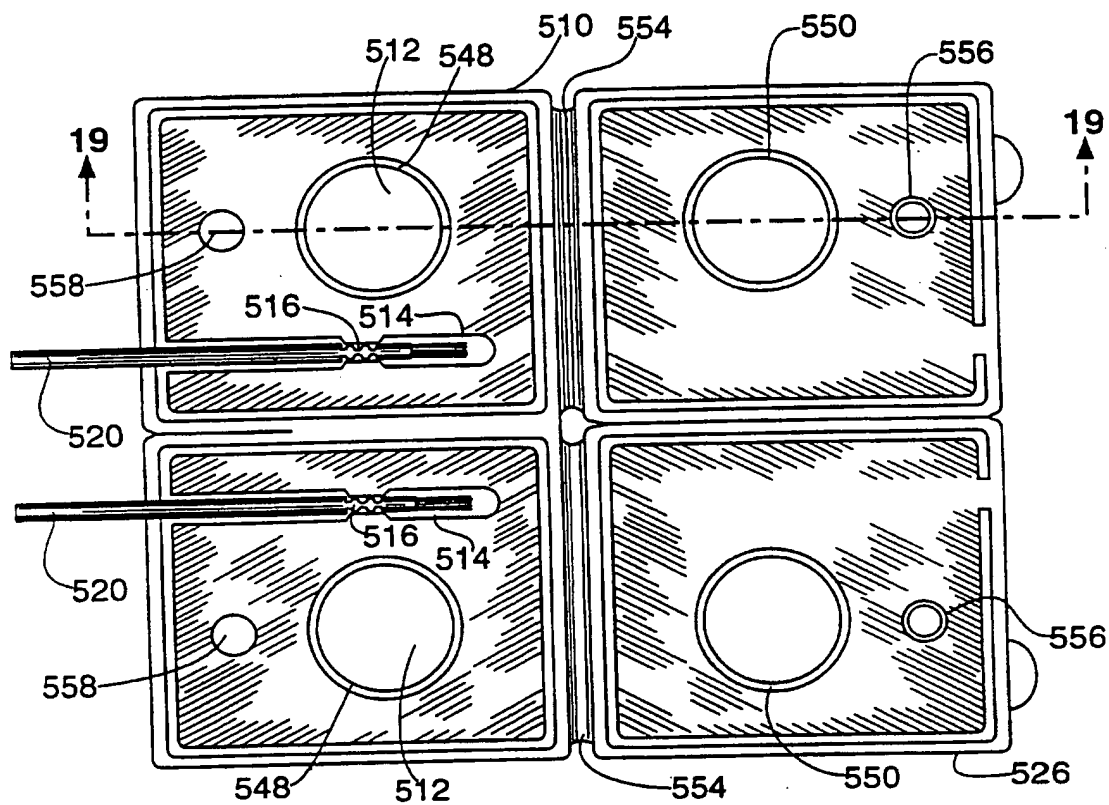


FIG. 18

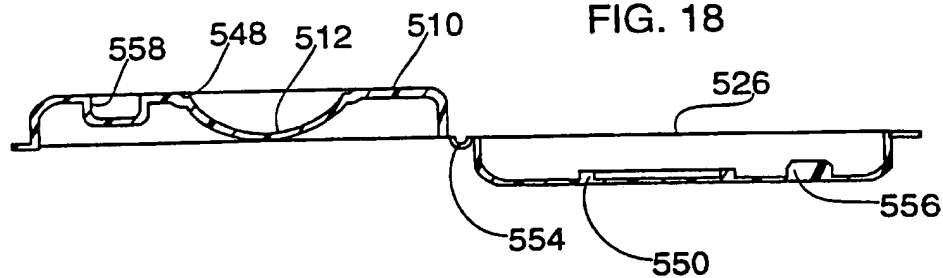


FIG. 19

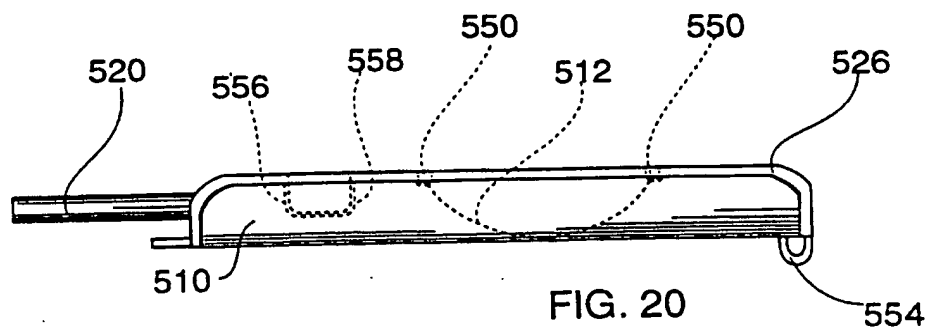
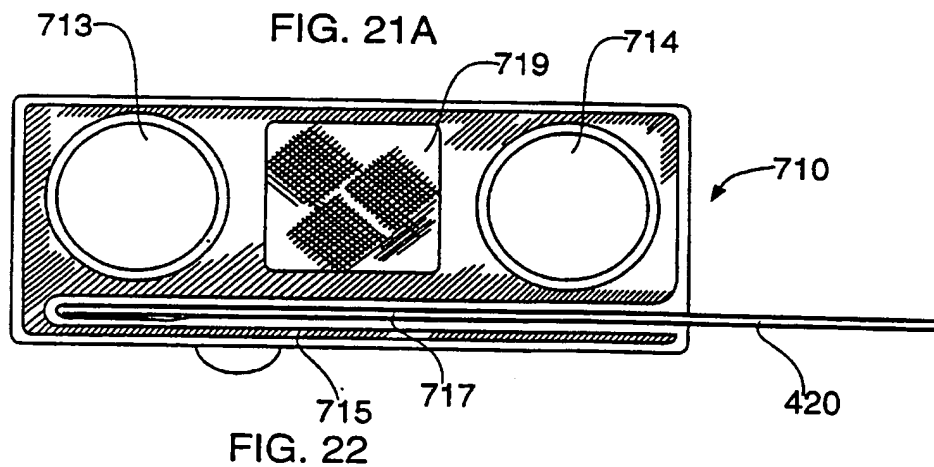
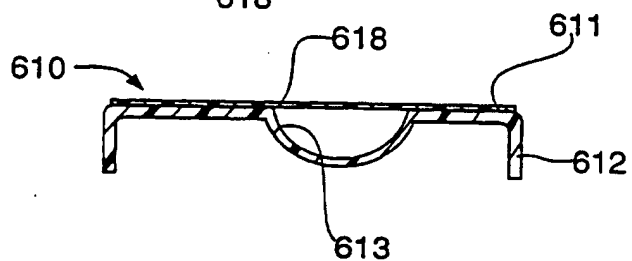
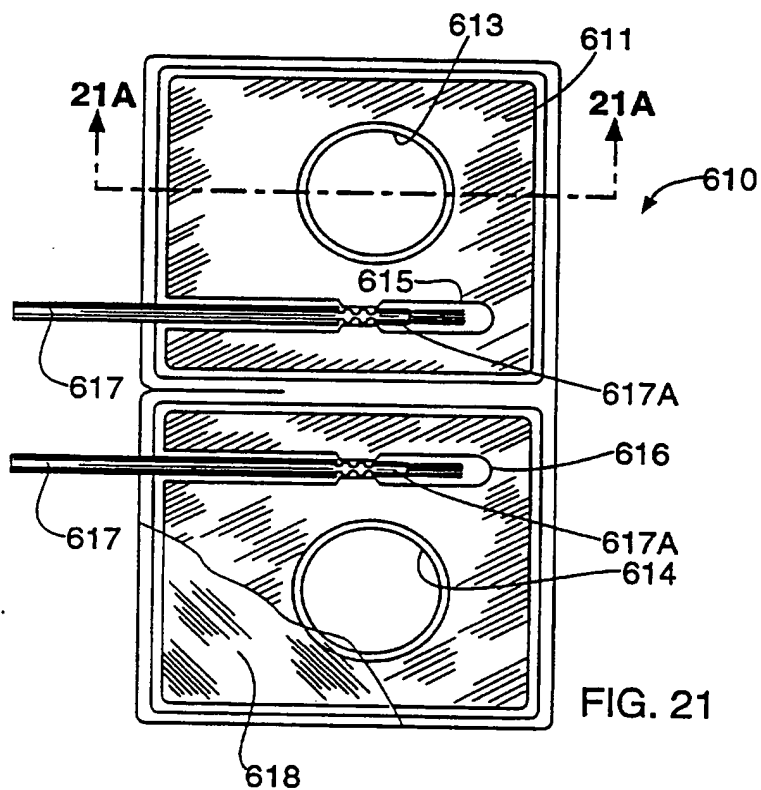


FIG. 20



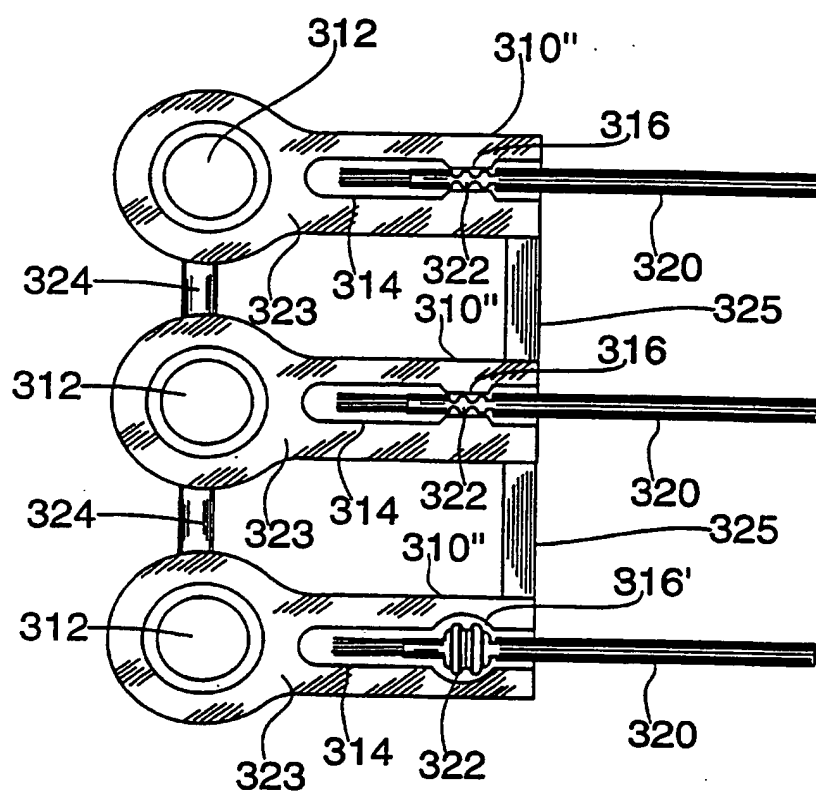


FIG. 23

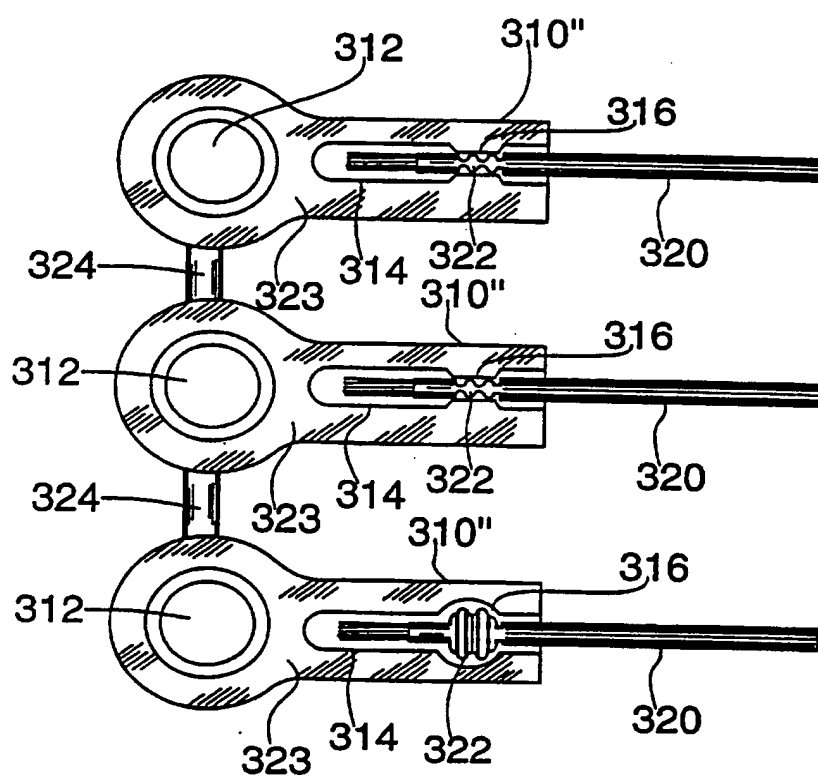


FIG. 24

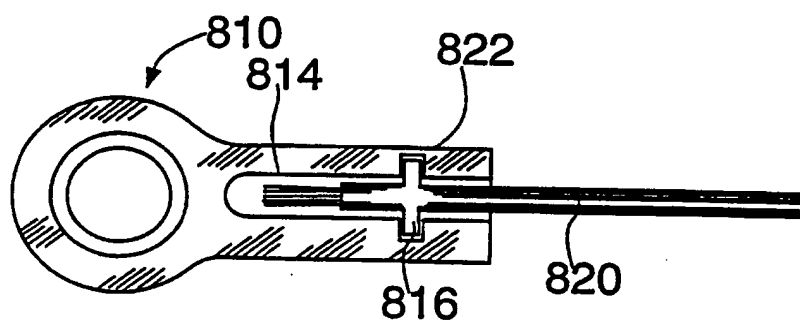


FIG. 25

## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US95/08203

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER

IPC(6) :B65D 69/00

US CL :206/229

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

## B. FIELDS SEARCHED

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

U.S. : 206/15.3, 209, 209.1, 230, 361, 362.3, 570

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practicable, search terms used)

## C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X --- Y	US, A, 4,786,534 (AIKEN) 22 NOVEMBER 1988, SEE FIGURE 3.	29 ----- 1-11,13,24, 27,29-31
Y	US, A, 5,184,719 (GORDON) 09 FEBRUARY 1993, SEE FIGURES 1 & 4.	1-11,13,24 27,29-31
Y	US, A, 3,759,375 (NAPPI) 18 SEPTEMBER 1973, SEE FIGURES 1 & 4.	1-11,13,16- 18,24-27,29-31
Y	US, A, 4,880,111 (BAGWELL ET AL) 14 NOVEMBER 1989, SEE FIGURES 4 & 5.	14,15



Further documents are listed in the continuation of Box C.



See patent family annex.

* Special categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention
"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance	"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone
"E" earlier document published on or after the international filing date	"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art
"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)	"A" document member of the same patent family
"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means	
"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed	

Date of the actual completion of the international search

01 NOVEMBER 1995

Date of mailing of the international search report

16 JAN 1996

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Group 3200

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No.  
PCT/US95/08203

## C (Continuation). DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT

Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
Y	US, A, 5,112,152 (MCBRIDE) 12 MAY 1992, SEE FIG. 6	12
Y	US, A, 4,838,851 (SHABO) 13 JUNE 1989, SEE FIG. 6.	17,28
Y	US, A, 5,240,415 (HAYNIE) 31 AUGUST 1993, SEE FIG. 1, #24.	20
A	US, A, 5,106,297 (DISCKO, JR.) 21 APRIL 1992	1
A	US, A, 5,001,803 (DISCKO, JR.) 26 MARCH 1991	1
A	US, A, 3,835,834 (BROWN ET AL) 17 SEPTEMBER 1974	1
A	US, A, 4,889,228 (GUERET) 26 DECEMBER 1989	1